AMENDMENT TO THE SPECIFICATION

Replacement paragraph for the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 10 and ending at page 4, line 28:

The above object is accomplished by providing a high efficient valve assembly of a compressor comprising: a valve plate having more than one discharging ~~valve~~hole; a discharging valve for opening and closing the discharging ~~valve~~hole, one end of the discharging valve is settled at the valve plate between the valve plate and a cylinder head; a stopper for controlling the discharging valve to be placed in ~~at a right~~ position, both ends of the stopper are settled at the valve plate over the discharging valve; a fixing member for settling one end of the discharging valve and both ends of the stopper at the valve plate; and a first settlement unit formed at the discharging valve and the valve plate for positioning the discharging valve at the valve plate in ~~at the right~~ position and supporting the discharging valve. Selectively, the valve assembly further comprises a second settlement unit formed at the discharging valve and the stopper for settling the stopper at the discharging valve in order to support the discharging valve and help the positioning of the stopper.

Replacement paragraph for the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 31 and ending at page 7, line 3:

Referring to FIG. 4, a high efficient valve assembly 100 of the present invention comprises: a valve plate 110 having a refrigerant suction hole 111 and a first and a second discharging ~~valves~~holes 112, 112'; a suction valve plate 120 having a suction valve 121 disposed between the valve plate 110 and a cylinder 31 (refer for FIG. 1) in order to open and close the refrigerant suction hole 111; a discharging valve 130 disposed between the valve plate 110 and the cylinder head 33 in order to open and

close the discharging ~~valves~~holes 112, 112'; a stop valve 140 disposed at an upper part of the discharging valve 130 in order to control an opening degree of the discharging valve 130; a stopper 150 disposed at an upper part of the discharging valve 130 in order to control the discharging valve 130 and the stop valve 140 to be placed at a right position; a keeper 160 for flexibly supporting and settling the stopper 150; and discharging valve settlement units 132, 152 for positioning the discharging valve 130 at the right position and preventing the discharging valve 130 from moving. One end of the discharging valve 130 is settled at the valve plate 110 by a second rivet 180'.

Referring to FIG. 5, the discharging valve 130 comprises: a free end placed at an upper part of the first and the second discharging ~~valves~~holes 112, 112', in other words, at a round protrusions 170. 170'; and a fixing end settled at the valve plate 110. The stop valve 140 has a first fixing end disposed at an upper part of the free end of the discharging valve 130, and a second fixing end settled at the valve plate 110 with the fixing end of the discharging valve 130. The stopper 150 has a first and a second fixings end settled at the valve plate with the first and the second fixing ends of the stop valve 140. The keeper 160 also has a first and a second fixing ends settled at the valve plate 110 above the first and the second fixing ends of the stopper 150.

Replacement paragraph for the paragraph beginning at page 9, line 23 and ending at page 10, line 3:

First of all, a refrigerant of low temperature and low pressure drawn from an outside of the compressor is drawn into a cylinder head 33 through a suction muffler 50 when the suction valve 121 is opened due to a difference of a pressure between an inside and an outside of the valve at the time that a piston 32 retreats. After that, when the piston 32 advances, the refrigerant of high temperature and high pressure compressed by the piston 32

in the cylinder 31 flows to the outer evaporator through the discharging pipe as the discharging valve 130 is pushed away by the pressure of the refrigerant through the discharging ~~valves~~holes 112, 112' of the valve plate 110.